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## In the Claims:

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Please amend Claims 1 to 20 as follows:

1. (Currently amended) Process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization of a liquid food product using a pasteurization arrangement having a first product-to-product regenerative heat exchanger, a first heater stage, a second product-to-product heat exchanger, and a UHT heater stage; comprising the steps of

supplying said liquid food product through a raw-product side of said first regenerative heat exchanger to pre-heat same;

heating said preheated liquid food product exiting the first heat exchanger to a predetermined intermediate temperature suitable for denaturizing proteins in the liquid food product;

flowing the liquid food product at said intermediate temperature through a timing tube to hold the product at said intermediate temperature for a predetermined time sufficient for denaturing said proteins therein, wherein said predetermined intermediate temperature at which said denaturing occurs is substantially 175 degrees F, and wherein said predetermined time that said timing tube holds the product at said intermediate temperature is at least sixty seconds;

flowing said liquid food product from said timing tube through a rawproduct side of said second regenerative heat exchanger to preheat the same from said intermediate temperature to a temperature near a UHT pasteurizing temperature;

flowing the liquid food product exiting said second heat exchanger into a liquid medium-to-product heater in said UHT heater stage to heat the liquid food

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product to a predetermined UHT temperature, the UHT heater stage including means supplying a heated liquid medium in counterflow to said product through said liquid medium-to-product heater;

holding the liquid food product exiting said medium-to-product heater at said UHT temperature for a predetermined length of time;

flowing the liquid food product through a pasteurized side of said second regenerative heat exchanger in counterflow to the liquid food product flowing in the raw side thereof to transfer heat to the product flowing in the raw side thereof;

flowing the liquid food product exiting the pasteurized side of the second regenerative heat exchanger through a pasteurized side of the first regenerative heat exchanger in counterflow to the liquid food product flowing in the raw side thereof to transfer heat to the product flowing in the raw side thereof; and

further processing the liquid food product leaving the pasteurized side of the first regenerative heat exchanger to prepare same for packaging;

wherein a temperature differential in the medium-to-product heater between the liquid food product and said heating medium at every point of reference in the heater is less than 20 degrees F.

- 2. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization
- according to Claim 1 wherein the liquid food product has a product volume rate of
- flow through said liquid medium to product heater and said heated liquid medium
- 4 has a liquid medium volume rate of flow through said heater, and the ratio of the
- liquid medium rate of flow to the product rate of flow is below 3:1.

- 3. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization
- according to Claim 1 wherein said ratio of liquid medium to product flow rates is
- 3 about 2:1.
- 4. (Original) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization according to
- 2 Claim 1 wherein the temperature differential in the medium-to-product heater
- between the product leaving and the medium entering is about 5 degrees F.
- 5. (Original) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization according to
- 2 Claim 1 wherein the temperature differential in the medium-to-product heater
- between the product entering and the medium leaving is about 15 degrees F.
- 6. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization
- according to Claim 1 wherein the temperature differential in the second
- 3 regenerative heat exchanger between the product leaving the raw side and the
- 4 product entering the pasteurized side is than 20 degrees F.
- 1 7. (Canceled)
- 1 8. (Canceled)
- 9. (Original) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization according to

- 2 Claim 1 further comprising passing said product through a homogenizer prior to
- flowing the same through the raw side of the second regenerative heat exchanger.
- 1 10. (Original) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization according to
- 2 Claim 6 wherein said first and second regenerative heat exchangers are tube-in-
- 3 tube counterflow heat exchangers.
- 1 11. (Currently amended) Process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization of a
- 2 liquid food product using a pasteurization arrangement having a first product-to-
- 3 product regenerative heat exchanger, a first heater stage, a second product-to-
- 4 product heat exchanger, and a UHT heater stage; comprising the steps of
- supplying said liquid food product through a raw-product side of said first
- 6 regenerative heat exchanger to pre-heat same said preheated liquid food product
- 7 exiting the first heat exchanger to a predetermined intermediate temperature
- 8 sufficient for denaturizing proteins in the liquid food product, wherein said
- 9 predetermined intermediate temperature at which said denaturing occurs is
- substantially 175 degrees F, and maintaining the liquid food product in a timing
- tube to hold the product at said intermediate temperature for predetermined time of
- 12 at least sixty seconds;

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- flowing the liquid food product at said intermediate temperature through a device to hold the product at said intermediate temperature for a predetermined
- length of time sufficient for denaturing said proteins therein;
  - flowing said liquid food product from said device through a raw-product

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side of said second regenerative heat exchanger to preheat the same from said intermediate temperature to a temperature near a UHT pasteurizing temperature;

flowing the liquid food product exiting said second heat exchanger into a liquid medium-to-product heater in said UHT heater stage to heat the liquid food product to a predetermined UHT temperature, the UHT heater stage including means supplying a heated liquid medium in counterflow to said product through said liquid medium-to-product heater;

holding the liquid food product exiting said liquid medium-to-product heater at said UHT temperature for a predetermined length of time;

flowing the liquid food product through a pasturized side of said second regenerative heat exchanger in counterflow to the liquid food product flowing in the raw side thereof to transfer heat to the product flowing in the raw side thereof;

flowing the liquid food product exiting the pasteurized side of the second regenerative heat exchanger through a pasteurized side of the first regenerative heat exchanger in counterflow to the liquid food product flowing in the raw side thereof to transfer heat to the product flowing in the raw side thereof; and

further processing the liquid food product leaving the pasteurized side of the first regenerative heat exchanger to prepare same for packaging;

wherein a temperature differential in the liquid medium-to-product heater between the liquid food product and said heated liquid medium at every point of reference in the heater is less than 20 degrees F.

12. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization

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- according to Claim 11 wherein the liquid food product has a product volume rate 2
- of flow through said medium to product heater and said heated liquid medium has 3
- a liquid medium volume rate of flow through said heater, and the ratio of the 4
- liquid medium rate of flow to the product rate of flow is below 3:1. 5
- 13. (Currently amended) Process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization of a 1
- liquid food product using a pasteurization arrangement having a product-to-2
- product regenerative heat exchanger and a UHT heater stage; comprising the steps 3

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supplying said liquid food product through a raw-product side of said regenerative heat exchanger to pre-heat same, including denaturizing proteins in the liquid food product by holding the liquid food product in a timing tube for a predetermined time at a predetermined intermediate temperature, wherein said predetermined intermediate temperature at which said denaturing occurs is substantially 175 degrees F, and wherein said predetermined time that said timing tube holds the product at said intermediate temperature is at least sixty seconds, and preheating the liquid food product from said to a temperature near a UHT pasteurizing temperature;

flowing the liquid food product exiting said regenerative heat exchanger into a liquid medium-to-product heater in said UHT heater stage to heat the liquid food product to a predetermined UHT temperature, the UHT heater stage including means supplying a heated liquid medium in counterflow to said product through said medium to product heater;

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holding the liquid food product exiting said medium-to-product heater	r at
said UHT temperature for a predetermined length of time;	

flowing the liquid food product through a pasturized side of said regenerative heat exchanger in counterflow to the liquid food product flowing in the raw side thereof to transfer heat to the product flowing in the raw side thereof; and

further processing the liquid food product leaving the pasteurized side of the regenerative heat exchanger to prepare same for packaging;

wherein a temperature differential in the medium-to-product heater between the liquid food product and said heated liquid medium at every point of reference in the heater is less than 20 degrees F.

- 14. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization according to Claim 13 wherein the liquid food product has a product volume rate of flow through said liquid medium to product heater and said heated liquid medium has a liquid medium volume rate of flow through said heater, and the ratio of the liquid medium rate of flow to the product rate of flow is below 3:1.
- 1 15. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization 2 according to Claim 14 wherein said ratio of heated liquid medium to product flow 3 rates is about 2:1.
- 1 16. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization

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- according to Claim 13 wherein the temperature differential in the medium-to-
- 3 product heater between the product leaving and the heated liquid medium entering
- 4 is about 5 degrees F.
- 1 17. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization
- 2 according to Claim 13 wherein the temperature differential in the medium-to-
- 3 product heater between the product entering and the heated liquid medium
- 4 leaving is about 15 degrees F.
- 1 18. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization
- 2 according to Claim 13 wherein the temperature differential in the regenerative heat
- 3 exchanger between the product leaving the raw side and the product entering the
- 4 pasteurized side is less than 20 degrees F.
- 1 19. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization
- 2 according to Claim 13 wherein the product flowing through said medium-to-
- 3 product heater has a flow velocity of below nine feet per second.
- 1 20. (Previously presented) The process for ultrahigh temperature pasteurization
- 2 according to Claim 19 wherein said flow velocity is no greater than six feet per
- 3 second.

21 to 30. (Canceled)